Town of Shelby, New York

Financial Statements As of December 31, 2020 Together With Independent Auditor's Report

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Town Board Town of Shelby Medina, New York

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shelby, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Unites States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management has not adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Town adopt all relevant GASB statements, which would increase liabilities, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows and decrease net position on the Statement of Net Position. In addition, an appropriate expense was not recorded in the Statement of Activities to reflect the current period change of the liability. The amount by which this departure would affect the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, liabilities, net position, and the expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

BUFFALO

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COOPERSTOWN

55-57 Grove Street Cooperstown, NY 13326 *P*: (607) 282-4161

ONEONTA

189 Main Street, Suite 302 Oneonta, NY 13820 *P*: (607) 432-3462

PERRY 199 S. Main Street, PO Box 1 Perry, NY 14530 *P*: (585) 237-3887

ROCHESTER

150 State Street, Suite 301 A Rochester, NY 14614 *P*: (585) 410-6733

VICTOR 6536 Anthony Drive, Suite B Victor, NY 14564 *P*: (585) 410-6733

Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects, if any, of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town's Governmental Activities as of December 31, 2020, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion on Major Funds and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shelby, New York, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and contributions – pension plans be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Shelby's basic financial statements. The combining and individual special revenue fund financial statements is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual special revenue fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual special revenue fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2022 on our consideration of the Town of Shelby's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Shelby's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Atlied CPAS, P.C.

Tonawanda, New York March 25, 2022

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Town of Shelby's (the "Town") annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

-The assets of the Town exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2020 fiscal year by \$9,949,206 (net position). Of this amount, \$153,468 is restricted for specific purpose (restricted net position) \$1,646,666 is unrestricted and \$8,149,072 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

-The government's total net position increased by \$68,081.

-As of December 31, 2020, the Town's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,594,704. An increase of \$143,587 in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined fund balances, \$1,121,510 is available to meet the Town's current and future needs (unassigned fund balance).

-At the end of the fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,120,752 or 89.57% of total general fund balance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), and the Basic Financial Statements.

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements are two statements designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all Town assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs giving rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e., unallocated taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The Town does not have any functions that are intended to recover all or, in part, a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, health, transportation, economic assistance and opportunity, culture and recreation, home and community services, interest and fiscal charges and depreciation.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Financial Statements

Theses funds are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance related legal compliance. All funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as, balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Town's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General-Townwide Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Projects Fund. The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Fiduciary Fund

These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the governmentwide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town has one fiduciary fund, the Expendable Trust Fund, which is used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,949,206 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary of Town of Shelby's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
ASSETS AND DEFERF	RED OUTFLOWS			
ASSETS				
Current and other assets	\$ 2,809,013	\$ 2,545,067		
Capital assets	11,701,972	11,860,311		
TOTAL ASSETS	14,510,985	14,405,378		
Deferred outflows of resources	352,123	115,332		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	352,123	115,332		
LIABILITIES Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	4,659,870 117,745	4,294,790 259,244		
Other liabilities	117,745	259,244		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,777,615	1 551 021		
		4,554,034		
Deferred inflows of resources	136,287	4,554,034		
Deferred inflows of resources TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	136,287 136,287	<u></u>		
		82,551		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		82,551		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	136,287 8,149,072 153,468	82,551 82,551 8,136,611 153,468		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES <u>NET POSITION</u> Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	<u>136,287</u> 8,149,072	82,551 82,551 8,136,611		

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the Town's net position of \$8,149,072 (81.9%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Another portion of the Town's net position represents restricted net position of \$153,468 (1.5%) which is reserved for insurance, certain encumbrances, workers' compensation, and debt.

The remaining balance of the Town's net position represents unrestricted net position of \$1,646,666 (16.6%), which may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$65,081. The following table indicates the changes in net position for governmental activities:

Summary of Town of Shelby's Changes in Net Postion

	Governmental Activities		Governmental Activities		
	De	cember 31, 2020	Dece	mber 31, 2019	
REVENUES:					
PROGRAM REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	676,647	\$	705,423	
Operating grants and contributions		267,870		357,938	
GENERAL REVENUES:					
Property taxes		1,354,715		1,324,366	
Real property tax items		164,744		165,089	
Non-property tax items		105,811		106,507	
Use of money and property		50,670		34,990	
Licenses and permits		4,777		6,671	
Fines and forfeitures		15,605		12,749	
Sale of property and compensation for loss		20,232		7,321	
Miscellaneous		4,322		1,060	
Transfers		123,143		-	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,788,536	\$	2,722,114	

Summary of Town of Shelby's Changes in Net Postion

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
EXPENSES:		
General government support	\$ 825,331	\$ 630,627
Public safety	278,564	266,930
Health	11,984	27,425
Transportation	1,054,231	1,076,215
Economic assistance and opportunity	4,500	4,500
Cultural and recreation	4,782	8,193
Home and community services	450,639	486,807
Interest and fiscal charges	93,424	96,722
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,723,455	2,597,419
Change in net position	65,081	124,695
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	9,884,125	9,759,430
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 9,949,206	\$ 9,884,125

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The general governmental functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2020, the Town's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,594,704, an increase of \$143,585 in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined fund balances, \$1,121,510 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available to meet the Town's current and future operational and capital needs. The remainder of fund balance is *non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned* to indicate that it is *not* available for new spending because it has already been committed: There is no current amount for non-spendable, \$153,468 is restricted, and \$1,319,726 is assigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At December 31, 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,120,752 and total fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,251,254. As a measure of General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 42.37% of total fund expenditures, while total fund balance also represents 47.30% of that same amount.

Revenues for governmental functions totaled \$2,665,393 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, which represents a decrease of 2.09% from the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources, as well as, increases or decreases from the prior year:

REVENUES:		2020 Amount	Percent of Total		2019 Amount	_	Amount of Increase Decrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	1,519,459	57.01%	\$	1,489,455	\$	30,004	2.01%
Non-property tax items	Ŧ	105,811	3.97%	Ŧ	106,507	Ŧ	(696)	-0.65%
Departmental income		540,633	20.28%		471,028		69,605	14.78%
Intergovernmental charges		136,014	5.10%		234,395		(98,381)	-41.97%
Use of money and property		50,670	1.90%		34,990		15,680	44.81%
Licenses and permits		4,777	0.18%		6,671		(1,894)	-28.39%
Fines and forfeitures		15,605	0.59%		12,749		2,856	22.40%
Sale of property and compensation for loss		20,232	0.76%		7,321		12,911	176.36%
Miscellaneous		4,322	0.16%		1,060		3,262	307.74%
State aid		267,870	10.05%		239,086		28,784	12.04%
Federal aid		-	<u>0.00%</u>		118,852		(118,852)	-100.00%
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	2,665,393	<u>100.00</u> %	\$	2,722,114	\$	(56,721)	

Revenues Classified by Source - Governmental Funds

The following provides an explanation of revenues by source that changed significantly over the prior year:

- Department Income increased due to the town metered and unmetered water sales increasing.

- Intergovernmental charges decreased due to a smaller snow removal contract.
- Use of money and property increased due to interest and rental of real property increasing.
- Sale of property increased due to the sale of scrap and excess materials and equipment in the Part-Town Highway and Water Districts Funds.
- State aid increased due to an increase in mortgage tax revenue.

- Federal aid decrease because the Town received funding for improvements in the prior year.

The following table presents expenditures, by function, compared to prior year amounts:

Expenditures by Function - Governmental Funds

	2020 Perce Amount Tot			2019 Amount																nount of ncrease ecrease)	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
EXPENDITURES:																					
General government support \$	645,710	24.41%	\$	515,142	\$	130,568	25.35%														
Public safety	276,843	10.47%		282,951		(6,108)	-2.16%														
Health	11,358	0.43%		27,183		(15,825)	-58.22%														
Transportation	768,593	29.06%		887,267		(118,674)	-13.38%														
Economic assistance and opportunity	4,500	0.17%		4,500		-	0.00%														
Culture and recreation	3,947	0.15%		7,797		(3,850)	-49.38%														
Home and community services	353,325	13.36%		310,670		42,655	13.73%														
Employee benefits	313,348	11.85%		224,653		88,695	39.48%														
Debt service - principal	170,800	6.46%		222,500		(51,700)	-23.24%														
Debt service - interest	96,527	3.65%		96,722		(195)	-0.20%														
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,644,951	<u>100.00</u> %	\$	2,579,385	\$	65,566															

The following provides an explanation of the expenditures by function that changed significantly over the prior year:

- General government support increased due to the expenses in assessor, engineer, and building contractual increasing dramatically.

- Health decreased due to the ambulance fees decreasing this year.
- Transportation decreased due to machinery and snow removal within the Highway Fund and repairs in the Part-Town Highway Fund.
- Home and community services increased due to expenditures with the Water Funds decreasing.

The current year excess of revenues over expenditures is presented below:

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

			Ма	jor Funds		
	Gene	ral		Special Revenue	 Capital Projects	 Total
FUND BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2018	\$9	96,700	\$	1,310,932	\$ (307,242)	\$ 2,000,390
Revenues		29,114		1,793,000	-	2,722,114
Expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		16,068) 13,046		(1,863,317) (70,317)	 -	 (2,579,385) 142,729
Excess (deliciency) of revenues over expenditures	2	10,040		(10,011)	 	 142,723
Other financing sources, net					 308,000	 308,000
FUND BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	1,2	09,746		1,240,615	758	2,451,119
Revenues	8	25,312		1,840,081	-	2,665,393
Expenditures	(9	06,947)		(1,738,004)	 -	 (2,644,951)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(81,635)		102,077	 	 20,442
Other financing sources, net	1	23,143			 	 123,143
FUND BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2020	<u>\$ 1,2</u>	51,254	\$	1,342,692	\$ 758	\$ 2,594,704

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2020, amounted to \$11,701,972 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings, equipment and vehicles.

All depreciable capital assets were depreciated under the straight-line method using the full-year convention. Capital assets net of depreciation are presented below:

	2020	 2019
Land	\$ 260,100	\$ 260,100
Infrastructure	10,896,107	10,944,671
Buildings and Improvements	276,337	322,391
Machinery and Equipment	269,428	 333,149
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$ 11,701,972	\$ 11,860,311

Long-Term Debt

At December 31, 2020, the Town's long-term debt was composed of the following items:

Serial bonds Compsenated avences	\$ 3,552,900 121.539
Accrued post-employment benefit obligation	518,925
Net pension liability	466,506
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	\$ 4,659,870

At December 31, 2020, The Town had total serial bonds outstanding of \$3,552,900 as compared to \$3,723,700 in the prior year. During the year retirement of debt amounted to \$170,800. New York State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 7% of its five-year valuation. The current debt-limitation for the Town is \$13,502,207, of which 4.36% is exhausted.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to: Town of Shelby, Attn: Supervisor's Office, 4062 Salt Works Road, PO Box 348, Medina, New York 14103-0348.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,770,995
Account receivables		200
Water rent receivables		37,818
Capital assets:		
Land		260,100
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		11,441,872
TOTAL ASSETS	_	14,510,985
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions		352,123
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		352,123
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	14,863,108

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

Accounts payable\$94,090Accrued interest on bonds payable23,547Due to fiduciary fund108Long-term liabilities:108Due within one year108Bonds payable - short term portion178,400Due in more than one year:3,374,500Compensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligation518,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION8,149,072Restricted1,646,666Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	LIABILITIES	
Due to fiduciary fund108Long-term liabilities:Due within one yearBonds payable - short term portion178,400Due in more than one year:3,374,500Bonds payable - long term portion3,374,500Compensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligation518,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION153,468Unrestricted1,646,666Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Accounts payable	\$ 94,090
Long-term liabilities:Due within one yearBonds payable - short term portionDue in more than one year:Bonds payable - long term portionCompensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligationS18,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072RestrictedUnrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Accrued interest on bonds payable	23,547
Due within one year178,400Bonds payable - short term portion178,400Due in more than one year:3,374,500Bonds payable - long term portion3,374,500Compensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligation518,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESNET POSITION136,287Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted1,646,666Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Due to fiduciary fund	108
Bonds payable - short term portion178,400Due in more than one year:3,374,500Bonds payable - long term portion3,374,500Compensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligation518,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION1,646,666Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Long-term liabilities:	
Due in more than one year:3,374,500Bonds payable - long term portion3,374,500Compensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligation518,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615Deferred INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred revenue16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION1,3468Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Due within one year	
Bonds payable - long term portion3,374,500Compensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligation518,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred revenue16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION1,046,666Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted1,53,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Bonds payable - short term portion	178,400
Compensated absences121,539Accrued post-employment benefit obligation518,925Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIESDEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION110,000Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Due in more than one year:	
Accrued post-employment benefit obligation Net pension liability- proportionate share518,925 466,506 466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 	Bonds payable - long term portion	3,374,500
Net pension liability- proportionate share466,506TOTAL LIABILITIES466,5064,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION8,149,072Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Compensated absences	121,539
TOTAL LIABILITIES4,777,615DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES120,111Deferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION136,287Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Accrued post-employment benefit obligation	518,925
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION8,149,072Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Net pension liability- proportionate share	 466,506
Deferred revenue120,111Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESNET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	TOTAL LIABILITIES	 4,777,615
Deferred inflows of resources16,176TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES136,287NET POSITION136,287Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESNET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debtRestrictedUnrestrictedTOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Deferred revenue	120,111
NET POSITIONInvested in capital assets, net of related debtRestrictedUnrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	Deferred inflows of resources	 16,176
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt8,149,072Restricted153,468Unrestricted1,646,666TOTAL NET POSITION9,949,206	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 136,287
Restricted 153,468 Unrestricted 1,646,666 TOTAL NET POSITION 9,949,206	NET POSITION	
Unrestricted 1,646,666 TOTAL NET POSITION 9,949,206	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	8,149,072
TOTAL NET POSITION 9,949,206	Restricted	153,468
	Unrestricted	1,646,666
	TOTAL NET POSITION	9,949,206
IVIAL LIADILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET FUSITION 3 14.003.100	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION	\$ 14,863,108

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

				Program	Rev	venues	Ne	t (Expense)
	I	Expenses	c	Charges for Services	C	Operating Grants and ontributions	С	venue and hanges in et Position
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAM								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	(825,331)	\$	530	\$	148,933	\$	(675,868)
Public safety		(278,564)		-		-		(278,564)
Health		(11,984)		670		-		(11,314)
Transportation		(1,054,231)		136,014		-		(918,217)
Economic assistance and opportunity		(4,500)		-		-		(4,500)
Culture and recreation		(4,782)		-		474		(4,308)
Home and community services		(450,639)		539,433		118,463		207,257
Interest and fiscal charges		(93,424)		-		-		(93,424)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	(2,723,455)	\$	676,647	\$	267,870		(1,778,938)
General Revenues:								
Property taxes levied for general purposes								1,354,715
Real property tax items								164,744
Non-property tax items								105,811
Use of money and property								50,670
Licenses and permits								4,777
Fines and forfeitures								15,605
Sale of property								20,232
Miscellaneous								4,322
Transfers								123,143
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES								1,844,019
Change in net position								65,081
Total net position at beginning of year								9,884,125
Total net position at end of year							\$	9,949,206

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS

		-	General - ownwide		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		\$	991,845	\$	1,778,392	\$	758	\$	2,770,995
Account receivables			200	•	-		-	·	200
Water rents receivable			-		37,818		-		37,818
Due from other funds			399,970		70,097		-		470,067
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,392,015	\$	1,886,307	\$	758	\$	3,279,080
LIABILITIES	LIABILITIES, DEFE	RRE	D INFLOWS /	AND	FUND BALAN	ICES			
Accounts payable Due to other funds		\$	20,650	\$	73,440 470,175	\$	-	\$	94,090 470,175
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		20,650		543,615				564,265
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF R	ESOURCES								
Deferred revenues			120,111				-		120,111
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted			130,502		22,966		-		153,468
Assigned			-		1,319,726		-		1,319,726
Unassigned			1,120,752		-		758		1,121,510
тот	AL FUND BALANCES		1,251,254		1,342,692		758		2,594,704
TOTAL LIABILITIES A	ND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,392,015	\$	1,886,307	\$	758	\$	3,279,080

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:

Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds Capital assets18,780,966 (7,078,994)Accumulated depreciation(7,078,994)Certain liabilities are not financial uses or are not due or payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable(3,552,900) (121,539) (518,925) Proportionate share of employees retirement system liability	Total governmental fund balances	\$ 2,594,704
Accumulated depreciation(7,078,994)Certain liabilities are not financial uses or are not due or payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable(3,552,900) (121,539)Compensated absences(121,539) 	•	40 - 00 000
Certain liabilities are not financial uses or are not due or payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds: Bonds payable (3,552,900) Compensated absences (121,539) Other postemployment benefits (518,925)	Capital assets	18,780,966
the current period and are not reported in the funds:(3,552,900)Bonds payable(3,552,900)Compensated absences(121,539)Other postemployment benefits(518,925)	Accumulated depreciation	(7,078,994)
Bonds payable(3,552,900)Compensated absences(121,539)Other postemployment benefits(518,925)	Certain liabilities are not financial uses or are not due or payable in	
Compensated absences(121,539)Other postemployment benefits(518,925)	the current period and are not reported in the funds:	
Other postemployment benefits (518,925)	Bonds payable	(3,552,900)
	Compensated absences	(121,539)
Proportionate share of employees retirement system liability (466,506)	Other postemployment benefits	(518,925)
	Proportionate share of employees retirement system liability	(466,506)
Accrued interest on obligations (23,547)	Accrued interest on obligations	(23,547)
Deferred outflows related to employee retirement systems liability 352,123	Deferred outflows related to employee retirement systems liability	352,123
Deferred inflows related to employee retirement systems liability (16,176)	Deferred inflows related to employee retirement systems liability	 (16,176)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 9,949,206

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	-	General - ownwide	 Special Revenue	 Capital Projects	_	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES:							
Real property taxes	\$	555,782	\$ 798,933	\$	-	\$	1,354,715
Real property tax items		102,095	62,649		-		164,744
Non-property tax items		-	105,811		-		105,811
Departmental income		13,675	526,958		-		540,633
Intergovernmental charges		-	136,014		-		136,014
Use of money and property		45,444	5,226		-		50,670
Licenses and permits		4,777	-		-		4,777
Fines and forfeitures		15,605	-		-		15,605
Sale of property and compensation for loss		24	20,208		-		20,232
Miscellaneous		1,772	2,550		-		4,322
State aid		86,138	181,732		-		267,870
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	825,312	\$ 1,840,081	\$	-	\$	2,665,393

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	-	General - ownwide	 Special Revenue	Capita Projec		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
EXPENDITURES:							
General government support	\$	645,710	\$ -	\$	-	\$	645,710
Public safety		356	276,487		-		276,843
Health		-	11,358		-		11,358
Transportation		81,833	686,760		-		768,593
Economic opportunity and development		4,500	-		-		4,500
Culture and recreation		1,447	2,500		-		3,947
Home and community services		11,245	342,080		-		353,325
Employee benefits		161,856	151,492		-		313,348
Debt service - principal		-	170,800		-		170,800
Debt service - interest		-	96,527		-		96,527
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		906,947	 1,738,004		-		2,644,951
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(81,635)	 102,077				20,442
OTHER SOURCES AND (USES):							
Transfers in		123,143	 -		-		123,143
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES AND (USES)		123,143	 -				123,143
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and							
other financing sources (uses)		41,508	102,077		-		143,585
Fund Balance at beginning of year		1,209,746	 1,240,615		758		2,451,119
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	1,251,254	\$ 1,342,692	\$	758	\$	2,594,704

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,</u> <u>AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds.	\$ 143,585
Governmental funds report all capital outlays as expenditures, However In the statement of activities, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital	
assets increased in the current year.	106,027
Depreciation recorded on the statement of activities but not in statement for governmental funds.	(264,364)
Accrued interest is reported on the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds:	
This is the net change in accrued interest	3,103
The Payment of bond principal consumers the current financial resources of governmental funds: Payment of bond principal	170,800
The net change in compensated absences are recorded in the statement of activities but not	
in the statement of governmental funds	(13,277)
Retirement benefits change deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows in the statement of activities, but not the governmental funds:	
Change in deferred outflows - employee retirement system	236,791
Change in proportionate share of employee retirement liability	(351,803)
Change in deferred inflows - employee retirement system	 34,219

CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 65,081

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>FIDUCIARY FUND</u> <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

ASSETS

		Exp	oendable Trust
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	28,344
Due from other funds			108
	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	28,452

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

NET POSITION

 Net position
 \$ 28,452

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>FIDUCIARY FUND</u> <u>STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	Expendable Trust		
Additions	\$		
Deductions		123,143	
Change in net position		(123,143)	
Net Position at beginning of year		151,595	
Net Position at end of year	\$	28,452	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Town of Shelby, New York (the "Town") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Shelby, which was established in 1818, is located within the County of Orleans, New York. The Town is governed by Town law and other general laws of the State of New York and various local laws. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operations and the Supervisor serves as chief fiscal officer.

The following basic services are provided: police, highway, sanitation, recreation, sewer service, drainage, street lighting, water service, fire protection through contracts with local volunteer companies and general administration.

Independently elected officials of the Town consist of the following:

Supervisor	Town Clerk
Councilmen (4)	Superintendent of Highways
Town Justice	

All governmental activities and functions performed for the Town of Shelby are its direct responsibility. No other governmental organizations have been included or excluded from the reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effects of interfund activity within governmental has been eliminated from these statements. However, balances due and resource flows between governmental activities have not been eliminated. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs have been allocated and are reported as direct program expenses of individual functions or programs. Program revenues include: charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment; and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Taxes and other items not included as program revenues are reported as general revenues, as required.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are earned. Grants, entitlements and donations are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Modified Accrual Basis

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities for the current period. Material revenues that are accrued include real property taxes, state and federal aid, sales tax and certain user charges. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from federal and state grants are accrued when the expenditure is made.

Expenditures are recorded when incurred except that:

- a) Expenditures for prepaid expenses and inventory-type items are recognized at the time of the purchase.
- b) Principal and interest on long-term debt is not recognized as an expenditure until due.
- c) Compensated absences, such as vacation and sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Accrual Basis

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

Fund Categories

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement of focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following are the Town's governmental fund types:

<u>General Fund - Townwide</u> - the principal operating fund and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>General Fund - Town Outside Village</u> - Used only by towns which contain a village to record transactions which are required by statute to be charged to the area of the town outside the village.

<u>Highway Fund - Townwide</u> - This fund is used to record all revenues and expenditures related to road maintenance and construction throughout the Town.

<u>Highway Fund - Town Outside Village</u> - Used only by towns which contain a village to record transactions related to road maintenance and construction which are required by statute to be charged to an area of the town outside the village.

<u>Special District Funds</u> - This fund records all financial activity of special districts within the Town. A special district represents a limited geographic area within a Town in New York State. It is a separate accounting entity created by statute for specific services such as lighting, water and fire protection.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Fund Accounting (Cont.)

Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held by the local government in a trustee or custodial capacity:

Expendable Trust Fund - used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Government-wide financial statements apply all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict subsequent GASB pronouncements, Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins ("ARBs") of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues are those that cannot be associated directly with program activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Property Taxes Revenue Recognition

The Orleans County Legislature prepares the levy in late December of each year and jointly bills the Town levy with New York State and Orleans County real property taxes. On January 1 of each year, property taxes become a lien on the property. Tax payments are due January 1st to January 31st without penalty; February 1st to 28th a 1% penalty; March 1st to 31st a 2% penalty; and April 1st to 30th a 3% penalty. Taxes are then returned to the County and assessed penalty.

Taxes for County purposes are levied together with taxes for Town and special district purposes as a single bill. The Town and special districts receive the full amount of their levies annually out of the first amounts collected on the combined bill. The County assumes enforcement responsibility for all taxes levied in the Town. The tax roll is returned to the Orleans County Commissioner of Finance after June 1 at which time all unpaid taxes and penalties are payable to that office. Any such taxes remaining unpaid at year-end are re-levied as county taxes in the subsequent year. The County enforces all liens.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Budget and Budgetary Data

<u>Budget Policies</u> - The budget policies are as follows:

- a. No later than October 5th, the budget officer submits a tentative budget to the Town Board for the fiscal year commencing the following January The tentative budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed means of financing for all funds except the Capital Projects Fund.
- b. After public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, no later than the Thursday following the general election, the Town Board adopts the budget.
- c. All modifications of the budget must be approved by the Town Board.

Budgetary controls are established for the Capital Projects Fund through Town Board resolutions authorizing individual projects which remain in effect for the life of the projects.

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in all Town funds. Outstanding encumbrances at year end, exclusive of grant-related commitments, are presented for GAAP reporting purposes as reservations of fund balances, and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. The Town had no encumbrances outstanding at December 31, 2020.

Compensated Absences

Most Town employees are granted vacation and sick leave and earn compensatory absences in varying amounts. Vacations and compensatory absences not taken may be carried over at the end of the fiscal year in which they are earned. Employees may accumulate sick leave, but they are not entitled to receive payment for unused sick leave in the event of termination or upon retirement.

Vacations and compensatory absences carried over at the end of the fiscal year and estimated sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type employees is recorded as long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements because expendable available financial resources will not be used to liquidate these amounts. Instead, such amounts will be paid from subsequent years appropriations for personal services.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and water lines), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost equal to or greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives is not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	75 years
Infrastructure	100 years
Machinery and Equipment	10 years
Office Furniture	10 years
Vehicles	5 years

When capital assets are retired, or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in income for the period in the government-wide statements. Amortization of capital leases is computed using the straight-line method over the lease term or the estimated useful lives of the assets, whichever is shorter. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Insurance

The Town purchases insurance covering liability for most risks including, but not limited to, general liability, vehicle liability, workers' compensation and excess liability. Judgments and claims are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred, the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated and the estimated amount of loss exceeds insurance coverage.

Federal Grants

Federal grants in the Capital Projects Fund are recorded as grants receivable and deferred revenue when the entitlement period occurs. Revenues are recognized as the Town incurs expenditures and meets the performance requirements of the grants.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Compensated Absences

Most Town employees are granted vacation, sick days and personal days, and earn compensatory absences in varying amounts. Employees are entitled to receive payment for unused sick leave upon retirement.

Compensated absences for governmental fund type employees are reported as a fund liability and expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

The compensated absences liability for the Town at December 31, 2020 totaled \$121,539 and is reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Payment of compensated absences recorded in the government-wide financial statements is dependent on many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payment of compensated absences when such payments become due.

Pensions

Nearly all Town employees are members of the New York State Employees' Retirement System. The Town is invoiced annually by the systems for its share of the cost.

Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements display net position in three classes:

<u>Net Invested in Capital Assets</u> - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents net position of the Town not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Equity Classifications (Cont.)

Funds Financial Statements

The fund balance financial statements have five classifications of fund balance:

<u>Non-spendable</u> - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes prepaid expenditures.

<u>Restricted</u> - Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions on enabling legislation. The Town has established the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve Fund - Representing resources that have been restricted for capital payments that will be made in future periods.

Reserve for Debt Service – Representing resources that have been restricted for principal payments that will be made in future period in Water Fund.

<u>Committed</u> - Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town's highest level of decision making authorities. The Town had no committed fund balance as of December 31, 2020.

<u>Assigned</u> - Includes amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balance includes amounts designated for subsequent years' expenditures.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Includes all other General Fund net position that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the Town.

Order of Use of Fund Balance

The Town's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, non-spendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balance. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

The Town adopted the following accounting pronouncements during the year:

• GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2019, enhances consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Overdrawn Appropriations

- Expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2020 exceeded appropriations in the General Fund for Transportation by \$9,241.
- Expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2020 exceeded appropriations in the General Fund for Home and Community Services by \$1,245.
- Expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2020 exceeded appropriations in the General Fund for Employee Benefits by \$4,356.
- Expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2020 exceeded appropriations in the Special Revenue Fund for Principal Payment by \$200.

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town investment policies are governed by state statutes. In addition, the Town also has its own written investment policy. Town monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The Supervisor is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit at 105% of the amount of all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and school districts.

The written investment policy requires repurchase agreements to be purchased from banks located within the state and that underlying securities must be obligations of the federal government. Underlying securities must have a market value of at least 105 percent of the cost of the repurchase agreement.

Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2020 amounted to \$2,799,339.

Deposits – The carrying amount of deposits at December 31, 2020 is \$2,909,853. Related bank balance amounts classified by credit risk category are as follows:

Credit Risk Category	Bai	nk Balance
Insured (FDIC)	\$	500,000
Collateralized:		
Collateral held by bank in Town's name		2,409,853
TOTAL DEPOSITS	\$	2,909,853

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Balance at January 1, 2020 Increase		Increase	Decrease		Balance at December 31, 2020		
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED:								
Land	\$	260,100	\$	-	\$		\$	260,100
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED	\$	260,100	\$		\$		\$	260,100
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	1,151,356	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,151,356
Machinery and Equipment		1,910,373		-		-		1,910,373
Infrastructure		15,353,110		106,027		-		15,459,137
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED		18,414,839		106,027		-		18,520,866
LESS: ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:								
Buildings and Improvements		828,965		46,054		-		875,019
Machinery and Equipment		1,577,224		63,721		-		1,640,945
Infrastructure		4,408,439		154,591		-		4,563,030
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		6,814,628		264,366		-		7,078,994
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		11,600,211		(158,339)				11,441,872
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	11,860,311	\$	(158,339)	\$		\$	11,701,972

Note 5 - Short-Term Debt

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes (BANs) are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Principal payments on BANs must be made annually.

State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date. However, BANs issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made on an annual basis.

The Town had no outstanding bond anticipation notes at December 31, 2020.

Note 6 - Long-Term Debt

Serial Bonds

The Town borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, which are full faith and credit debt of the local government, are recorded in the Schedule of Non-Current Government Liabilities. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

Summary of Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the general long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance anuary 1, 2020	A	dditions	D	eletions	Net ncrease Jecrease)	Balance cember 31, 2020
Serial Bonds Compensated Absences	\$ 3,723,700 108,262	\$	- 13,277	\$	170,800 -	\$ (170,800) 13,277	\$ 3,552,900 121,539
Totals	\$ 3,831,962	\$	13,277	\$	170,800	\$ (157,523)	\$ 3,674,439

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net since it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately.

Note 6 – Long –Term Debt (Cont.)

Summary of Long-Term Debt (Cont.)

The following is a summary of general obligation bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 2020:

					Balance						Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	J	anuary 1,					De	cember 31,
Description	Date	Date	Rate		2020	ls	sued	Pa	yments		2020
General Fund:											
Bates Road	2017	2027	2.13%	\$	495,000	\$	-	\$	55,000	\$	440,000
Various Equipment	2019	-	-		215,000		-		40,000		175,000
Special Revenue Fund:											
Water Districts:											
Water District # 2	1991	2029	6.75%		34,000		-		3,400		30,600
Water District # 3	1996	2033	4.50%		113,100		-		6,000		107,100
Water District # 4A	1998	2036	4.50%		125,300		-		5,000		120,300
Water District # 4B	2000	2038	4.50%		163,300		-		5,600		157,700
Water District # 6	2002	2040	4.50%		76,900		-		2,200		74,700
Water District # 7	2004	2042	4.50%		249,100		-		6,400		242,700
Water District # 8	2009	2046	4.38%		261,000		-		5,200		255,800
Water District # 9	2010	2048	2.25%		371,000		-		9,000		362,000
Water District # 10	2016	2054	1.38%		287,000		-		6,000		281,000
Water District # 11	2016	2054	1.88%		392,000		-		8,000		384,000
Water District # 12	2017	2055	1.75%		941,000		-		19,000		922,000
Grand Total				\$	3,723,700	\$	-	\$	170,800	\$	3,552,900

Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Cont.)

Long-Term Debt Maturity Schedule

The following schedule sets forth the remaining annual maturities of and annual interest payments on serial bonds at December 31, 2020:

Year	Principal		Interest		Total		
2021	\$	178,400	\$	90,709	\$	269,109	
2022		186,700		85,962		272,662	
2023		188,300		82,131		270,431	
2024		190,800		78,117		268,917	
2025		153,500		74,012		227,512	
2026-2030		612,300		307,275		919,575	
2031-2035		519,000		222,988		741,988	
2036-2040		492,400		144,594		636,994	
2041-2045		428,500		82,659		511,159	
2046-2050		335,000		38,546		373,546	
2051-2055		268,000		12,298		280,298	
	\$	3,552,900	\$	1,219,291	\$	4,772,191	

Constitutional Debt Limit- At December 31, 2020 the total outstanding indebtedness of the Town of Shelby aggregated \$3,552,900. Of this amount, \$615,000 was subject to the constitutional debt limit and represented approximately 4.36% of its debt limit.

Note 7 - Pension Plans

Plan Description

The Town participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (Systems). These are cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement systems. The Systems provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as sole trustee and administrative head of the Systems. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the Systems and for the custody and control of their funds. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement Systems, Governor Alfred E. Smith State Office Building, Albany, New York 12244.

Funding Policy

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary. Effective October 1, 2000, the 3% contribution is waived for employees who have achieved ten years of service credit. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the rates expressed as proportions of payroll of members, which shall be used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund.

The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	 ERS
2020	\$ 77,235
2019	\$ 69,677
2018	\$ 69,090

The Town's contributions made to the Retirement System were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year.

Since 1989, the Systems' billings have been based on Chapter 62 of the Laws of 1989 of the State of New York. This legislation requires participating employers to make payments on a current basis.

Note 7 - Pension Plans (Cont.)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2020, the Town of Shelby reported a liability of \$466,506 for its proportionate share of the pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town of Shelby's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town of Shelby's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contribution of all the participating members, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2020, the Town of Shelby's proportion was .0017617%. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Town of Shelby recognized pension expense of \$158,139. At December 31, 2020 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following resources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 27,456	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions	9,393		8,111	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	239,154		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town and contributions and proportionate share of contributions	18,083		8,065	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	58,037		-	
TOTAL	\$ 352,123	\$	16,176	

An amount of \$352,123 is reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020.

Note 7 - Pension Plans (Cont.)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended		
December 31,	_	
2020	\$	45,388
2021		69,452
2022		90,111
2023		72,960
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2020 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2019, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability at March 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Interest rate	6.80%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary	4.20%
Investment rate of return	6.80%
Costs of living adjustments	1.30%
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015
	system's experience

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvement based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010-March 31, 2015.

Note 7 - Pension Plans (Cont.)

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method which is best estimates ranges of best estimate future real rates of return (expected returns nets of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2020 are summarized below:

Asset Type	Long Term Expected Real Rate
	4.050/
Domestic Equity	4.05%
International Equity	6.30%
Private Equity	6.75%
Real Estate	4.95%
Opportunistic / ARS Portolio	4.50%
Credit	3.63%
Real Assets	5.95%
Fixed Income	0.00%
Cash	0.50%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of Percent

Discount Rate

The discount used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8%. The project of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at the statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 7 - Pension Plans (Cont.)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following represents the Town of Shelby's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8%, as well as what the Town of Shelby's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (5.8%) or 1% point higher (7.8%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1%	Decrease 5.8%	As	sumption 6.8%	1% Increase 7.8%			
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	856,170	\$	466,506	\$	107,624		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net position liability of the employees as of March 31, 2020, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands) Employees' Retirement System				
Employers' total pension liability Fiduciary net position Employers' net position liability	\$	194,596,261 168,115,682 26,480,579			
Ratio of fiduciary net position to the employer's total pension liability		86.39%			

Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits - GASB Statement 45

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town also provides health care benefits for retired employees, their dependents and certain survivors. Substantially all of the Town's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Town. Prior to 2009, the Town recognized the cost of providing postemployment health insurance benefits by expensing those costs when paid.

Plan Description

The Town administers its Retiree Medical Plan (the Plan) as a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Plan provides for the continuation of medical benefits to certain qualifying retirees of the Town, and their spouses and can be amended by action of the Town. The Plan does not carry issue a standalone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan.

Funding Policy

The obligations of the Plan members, employers and other entities are established by employment agreements. The required contribution rates of the employer and the members varies depending on the applicable agreement covering the retiree, the retiree's hiring date and number of years of service to the Town. The Town currently contributes enough money to the Plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

	-	
Actuarial accrued liability Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	345,579 -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	345,579
Funded ratio Annual covered payroll	\$	<u>0.00</u> % _
Ratio of unfunded actuarial accrued liability to covered payroll		0.00%
2018 normal cost	\$	1,986

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The schedule of funding progress presents multiyear (when available) trend information that is useful in determining whether the actuary's value of Plan assets, if any, is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability. The following table sets forth the actuarial accrued liability and funded status of the Plan as of June 16, 2015 the latest valuation date.

Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits - GASB Statement 45 (Cont.)

The following table summarizes the amortization calculation of the UAAL as of the latest valuation date:

UAAL	\$ 345,579
Amortization period (years)	30
Amortization discount rate	3.00%
Present value factor	 20.1885
2018 UAAL amortization amount	\$ 106,680

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfounded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for 2020:

Normal cost	\$ 1,986
Amortization of UAAL	106,680
Interest	-
ARC	108,666
Interest on OPEB obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	\$
OPEB expense	\$ 108,666

Funded Status and Funding Progress, (cont.) - The following table reconciles the Town's OPEB obligation at December 31, 2020:

Net OPEB obligation at beginning of year 2017 OPEB expense 2017 OPEB contributions	\$ 475,588 108,666 (65,329)
Net OPEB obligation at end of year Less: estimated current portion of OPEB obligation	 518,925 -
Estimated long-term portion of OPEB obligation	\$ 518,925
Percentage of expense contributed	<u>60.12</u> %

Note 8- Other Postemployment Benefits - GASB Statement 45, (Cont.)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuation of an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs (if any) between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial cost method used to calculate the costs of the Plan for age, disability, vested, and surviving spouse's benefits is the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, each participant's projected benefit is calculated at all possible ages based on the Plan provisions as well as the initial data and actuarial assumptions. For active participants, that AAL is determined by pro-rating the projected benefit based upon service accrued to the valuation date divided by service projected to be accrued at the first age of benefit eligibility. The normal cost is determined by dividing the projected benefit by service projected to be accrued at the first age of benefit eligibility.

Note 9 – Interfund Transactions

Individual fund operating transfer and interfund receivables and payables for the year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

	Tra	Transfers In		insfers Out	 Due From	Due To	
Governmental Fund Types:							
General Fund	\$	123,143	\$	-	\$ 399,970	\$	-
General Fund - TOV		-		-	-		36,712
Highway Fund - Townwide		-		-	36,712		388,348
Highway - TOV		-		-	17,811		45,007
Water Fund		-		-	15,574		-
Cemetary Fund				123,143	 		
Total	\$	123,143	\$	123,143	\$ 470,067	\$	470,067

Note 10 – Fund Balance

Restricted fund balance, which have external constraints, are as follows:

General Fund - Townwide	\$ 130,502
Special Revenue - Highway Fund - Townwide	 22,966
TOTAL RESTRICTED FUNDS	\$ 153,468

Assigned fund balance, which are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, are as follows:

General Fund - Town Outside Village	\$ 456,446
Special Revenue - Highway Fund - Townwide	2,393
Special Revenue - Highway Fund - Outside	87,521
Special Revenue - Water Districts	699,084
Special Revenue - Fire Protection Districts	65,842
Special Revenue - Lighting Districts	 8,440
TOTAL ASSIGNED FUNDS	\$ 1,319,726

Note 11 - Contingencies

The Town receives financial assistance from numerous federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits could become a liability of the governmental funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts to be immaterial to the Town's financial statements.

Note 12 – Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 25, 2022 which is the date the financial statements are available for issuance, and have determined there are no subsequent events that require disclosure under generally accepted accounting principles.

Subsequent to December 31, 2020, local, U.S., and world governments have encouraged self-isolation to curtail the spread of the global pandemic, coronavirus disease (COVID-19), by mandating temporary work stoppage in many sectors and imposing limitations on travel and size and duration of group meetings. Most industries are experiencing disruption to business operations and the impact of reduced consumer spending. In addition, global markets have seen significant declines. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and any government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management cannot quantify the financial and other impacts to the Town, there is a reasonable possibility that the impact on the Town's financial position and the results of future operations could be material.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General - Townwide								
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:									
Real property taxes	\$	521,000	\$	555,782	\$	555,782	\$	-	
Real property tax items		100,000		100,000		102,095		2,095	
Departmental income		12,100		12,100		13,675		1,575	
Intergovernmental charges		24,000		24,000		-		(24,000)	
Use of money and property		30,100		30,100		45,444		15,344	
Licenses and permits		3,375		3,375		4,777		1,402	
Fines and forfeitures		45,800		45,800		15,605		(30,195)	
Sale of property and compensation for loss		50		50		24		(26)	
Miscellaneous		50		50		1,772		1,722	
State aid		85,000		85,000		86,138		1,138	
TOTAL REVENUES		821,475	_	856,257		825,312		(30,945)	

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE</u> <u>GENERAL FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	General - Townwide							
		Original		Final				
		Budget		Budget		Actual	v	ariance
EXPENDITURES:								
General government support	\$	895,515	\$	895,515	\$	645,710	\$	249,805
Public safety		17,200		17,200		356		16,844
Transportation		72,592		72,592		81,833		(9,241)
Economic opportunity and development		37,000		37,000		4,500		32,500
Culture and recreation		2,450		2,450		1,447		1,003
Home and community services		10,000		10,000		11,245		(1,245)
Employee benefits		157,500		157,500		161,856		(4,356)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,192,257		1,192,257		906,947		285,310
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(370,782)		(336,000)		(81,635)		(316,255)
OTHER SOURCES AND (USES):								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		123,143		123,143
Transfers to other funds		-		-		-		-
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES (USES)		-		-		123,143		123,143
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other (uses)		(370,782)		(336,000)		41,508		(193,112)
Fund balance at December 31, 2019		1,209,746		1,209,746		1,209,746		
Fund balance at December 31, 2020	\$	838,964	\$	873,746	\$	1,251,254		

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Fund Types								
		Original Budget		Final Budget	. <u></u>	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES:									
Real property taxes	\$	725,432	\$	834,933	\$	798,933	\$	(36,000)	
Real property tax items		64,877		64,877		62,649		(2,228)	
Non-property tax items		94,890		94,890		105,811		10,921	
Departmental income		651,102		651,102		526,958		(124,144)	
Intergovernmental charges		155,000		155,000		136,014		(18,986)	
Use of money and property		5,468		5,468		5,226		(242)	
Sale of property and compensation for loss		4,200		4,200		20,208		16,008	
Miscellaneous		-		-		2,550		2,550	
State aid		-		158,152		181,732		23,580	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,700,969	_	1,968,622		1,840,081		(128,541)	

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Fund Types								
	Original			Final					
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance	
EXPENDITURES:									
General government support	\$	87,262	\$	87,262	\$	-	\$	87,262	
Public safety		309,998		309,998		276,487		33,511	
Health		15,900		15,900		11,358		4,542	
Transportation		778,226		778,226		686,760		91,466	
Culture and recreation		11,500		11,500		2,500		9,000	
Home and community services		542,990		542,990		342,080		200,910	
Employee benefits		194,826		194,826		151,492		43,334	
Principal		170,600		170,600		170,800		(200)	
Interest		98,098		98,098		96,527		1,571	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,209,400	_	2,209,400		1,738,004		471,396	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(508,431)		(240,778)		102,077		(599,937)	
Fund balance at December 31, 2019						1,240,615			
Fund balance at December 31, 2020					\$	1,342,692			

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Town's proportion share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.001762%	0.001619%	0.001703%	0.0020047%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 466,506	\$ 114,703	\$ 54,965	\$ 54,965
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 585,354	\$ 554,328	\$ 440,411	\$ 421,543
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	79.70%	20.69%	12.48%	13.04%

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S CONTRIBUTION NYSLRS PENSION PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 77,235	\$ 69,677	\$ 69,090	\$ 68,315
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 77,235	\$ 69,677	\$ 69,090	\$ 68,315
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 585,354	\$ 554,328	\$ 440,411	\$ 421,543
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.19%	12.57%	15.69%	16.21%

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

ASSETS

		General Fund- Town Highway Outside Fund - Village Townwide		Hi	ghway Fund - Town Outside Village	Water Districts	Fire rotection Districts	Lighting Districts	 Total	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Water rents receivable Due from other funds		\$	493,158 - -	\$ 383,807 - 36,712	\$	124,903 - 17,811	\$ 702,242 37,818 15.574	\$ 65,842 - -	\$ 8,440 - -	\$ 1,778,392 37,818 70.097
	OTAL ASSETS	\$	493,158	\$ 420,519	\$	142,714	\$ 755,634	\$ 65,842	\$ 8,440	\$ 1,886,307

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other fund		- 36,712	\$	6,812 388,348	\$ 10,186 45,007	\$	56,442 108	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,440 470,175
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	36,712		395,160	 55,193		56,550	 	 	 543,615
		30,712		393, 100	 55,195		50,550	 	 	 343,013
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		-		22,966	-		-	-	-	22,966
Assigned	-	456,446		2,393	87,521		699,084	 65,842	 8,440	 1,319,726
	TOTAL FUND BALANCE	456,446		25,359	 87,521	_	699,084	 65,842	 8,440	 1,342,692
TOTAL LIABILIT	IES AND FUND BALANCE	493,158	\$ 4	420,519	\$ 142,714	\$	755,634	\$ 65,842	\$ 8,440	\$ 1,886,307

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	C	General Fund- Town Dutside /illage	lighway Fund - ownwide	Highway Fund - Town Outside Village	Water Districts	Fire Protection Districts	Lighting Districts	Total
REVENUES:								
Real property taxes	\$	45,417	\$ 180,845	\$ 303,873	\$ -	\$ 263,798	\$ 5,000	\$ 798,933
Real property tax items		62,649	-	-	-	-	-	62,649
Non-property tax items		4,094	-	101,717	-	-	-	105,811
Departmental income		8,083	-	-	518,875	-	-	526,958
Intergovernmental charges		-	136,014	-	-	-	-	136,014
Use of money and property		-	-	-	5,226	-	-	5,226
Sale of property and comp. for loss		-	1,463	7,455	11,290	-	-	20,208
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	2,550	-	-	2,550
State aid		474	 62,795	 118,463	 -	 -	 -	 181,732
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	120,717	\$ 381,117	\$ 531,508	\$ 537,941	\$ 263,798	\$ 5,000	\$ 1,840,081

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</u> <u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	General Fund- Town	Highway	Highway Fund - Town		Fire		
	Outside Village	Fund - Townwide	Outside Village	Water Districts	Protection Districts	Lighting Districts	Total
EXPENDITURES:	Village		village	DISITICIS	DISITICIS	DISITICIS	Total
Public safety	\$ 2,472	2 \$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 274,015	\$-	\$ 276,487
Health	11,358	- 3	-	-	-	-	11,358
Transportation		- 329,131	357,629	-	-	-	686,760
Culture and recreation	2,500) -	-	-	-	-	2,500
Home and community services	42,246	з -	-	299,834	-	-	342,080
Employee benefits	7,547	7 48,171	90,769	5,005	-	-	151,492
Debt service - principal		- 40,000	55,000	75,800	-	-	170,800
Debt service - interest		- 3,288	11,278	81,961			96,527
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	66,123	420,590	514,676	462,600	274,015		1,738,004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	54,594	4 (39,473)	16,832	75,341	(10,217)	5,000	102,077
Fund balances - beginning of year	401,852	64,832	70,689	623,743	76,059	3,440	1,240,615
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 456,440	<u>\$ 25,359</u>	<u>\$87,521</u>	\$ 699,084	\$ 65,842	\$ 8,440	<u>\$ 1,342,692</u>

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK WATER FUND BALANCE SHEET BY DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS

		Water		Water		Water		Water		Water		Water
	Di	strict #1	Di	strict #2	Di	strict #3	Dis	strict #4A	Dis	strict #4B	Di	strict #5
ASSETS												
Cash	\$	115,388	\$	95,862	\$	61,996	\$	44,483	\$	52,625	\$	50,141
Water rents receivable		7,424		1,557		2,348		3,068		2,988		1,473
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	122,812	\$	97,419	\$	64,344	\$	47,551	\$	55,613	\$	51,614

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 9,880	\$ 1,569	\$ 7,551	\$ 6,999	\$ 5,763	\$ -
Due to other funds	 108	 -	 -	-	 -	 -
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 9,988	 1,569	 7,551	 6,999	 5,763	
FUND BALANCE						
Assigned	 112,824	 95,850	 56,793	40,552	 49,850	 51,614
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 112,824	 95,850	 56,793	 40,552	 49,850	 51,614
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCE	\$ 122,812	\$ 97,419	\$ 64,344	\$ 47,551	\$ 55,613	\$ 51,614

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK WATER FUND BALANCE SHEET BY DISTRICT DECEMBER 31, 2020

ASSETS

	Water istrict #6	Water District #7		Water strict #8	D	Water vistrict #9	D	Water istrict #10	D	Water istrict #11	D	Water istrict #12	 Total
ASSETS													
Cash	\$ 135,363	\$ 15,885	\$	19,086	\$	41,687	\$	21,659	\$	35,537	\$	12,530	\$ 702,242
Water rents receivable	2,494	2,621		2,875		2,201		2,463		2,371		3,935	37,818
Due from other funds	 -	 -				-		-				15,574	 15,574
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 137,857	\$ 18,506	\$	21,961	\$	43,888	\$	24,122	\$	37,908	\$	32,039	\$ 755,634

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 9,469	\$ 6,155	\$ 3,705	\$ 3,293	\$ -	\$ 2,058	\$ -	\$ 56,442
Due to other funds	 -	 -	 -	 	 	 -	 -	 108
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 9,469	 6,155	 3,705	 3,293	 -	 2,058	 <u> </u>	 56,550
FUND BALANCE								
Assigned	 128,388	 12,351	 18,256	 40,595	 24,122	 35,850	 32,039	 699,084
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	 128,388	 12,351	 18,256	 40,595	 24,122	 35,850	 32,039	 699,084
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCE	\$ 137,857	\$ 18,506	\$ 21,961	\$ 43,888	\$ 24,122	\$ 37,908	\$ 32,039	\$ 755,634

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>WATER FUND</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Water strict #1	Water strict #2	Water istrict #3	Water trict #4A	-	Water trict #4B	Water strict #5
REVENUES:							
Departmental income	\$ 58,778	\$ 21,013	\$ 56,039	\$ 46,747	\$	45,861	\$ 6,272
Sale of property and comp. for loss	235	-	235	-		-	-
Use of money and property	966	108	409	675		303	77
Miscellaneous	783	-	67	-		-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	 60,762	 21,121	 56,750	 47,422		46,164	 6,349
EXPENDITURES:							
Home & community services	57,531	9,406	35,580	39,762		29,738	4,684
Employee benefits	1,164	137	722	620		444	52
Debt service - principal	-	3,400	6,000	5,000		5,600	-
Debt service - interest	-	2,180	5,090	5,638		7,223	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 58,695	 15,123	 47,392	 51,020		43,005	 4,736
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	2,067	5,998	9,358	(3,598)		3,159	1,613
Fund Balances - beginning of year	 110,757	 89,852	 47,435	 44,150		46,691	 50,001
Fund Balance - end of year	\$ 112,824	\$ 95,850	\$ 56,793	\$ 40,552	\$	49,850	\$ 51,614

TOWN OF SHELBY, NEW YORK <u>WATER FUND</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		ater ict #6	Vater strict #7	Water strict #8	Water strict #9	Water District #10		Water District #11	 ater rict #12	 Total
REVENUES:										
Departmental income	\$	63,489	\$ 54,274	\$ 37,740	\$ 34,757	21,13	3 \$	29,030	\$ 43,737	\$ 518,875
Sale of property and comp. for loss		650	-	650	325	56)	650	7,985	11,290
Use of money and property		1,780	277	153	45	13	3	126	171	5,226
Miscellaneous		33	134	33	-		-	-	1,500	2,550
TOTAL REVENUES		65,952	 54,685	 38,576	 35,127	21,83	1	29,806	 53,393	 537,941
EXPENDITURES:										
Home & community services		38,040	29,771	15,306	13,205	6,07	5	8,658	12,078	299,834
Employee benefits		535	288	237	251	14	1	174	240	5,005
Debt service - principal		2,200	6,400	5,200	9,000	6,00)	8,000	19,000	75,800
Debt service - interest		3,411	11,066	11,418	8,246	3,94	6	7,275	16,468	81,961
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		44,186	47,525	 32,161	 30,702	16,16	2	24,107	 47,786	462,600
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures		21,766	7,160	6,415	4,425	5,67	2	5,699	5,607	75,341
Fund Balances - beginning of year	1	06,622	 5,191	 11,841	 36,170	18,45) _	30,151	 26,432	 623,743
Fund Balance - end of year	<u>\$</u> 1	28,388	\$ 12,351	\$ 18,256	\$ 40,595	\$ 24,12	2 \$	35,850	\$ 32,039	\$ 699,084



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Town Board Town of Shelby Shelby, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shelby, New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Shelby, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Shelby, New York's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Shelby, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Shelby, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, as described on the Schedule of Findings and Responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Shelby, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are further described in the Schedule of Findings and Response.

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ROCHESTER

150 State Street, Suite 301 A Rochester, NY 14614 *P*: (585) 410-6733

VICTOR 6536 Anthony Drive, Suite B

Victor, NY 14564 *P:* (585) 410-6733

Town's Response to Findings

The Town of Shelby's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The Town of Shelby's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. The information and use of management of the Town of Shelby, New York and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Atlied CPAs, P.C.

Tonawanda, New York March 25, 2022

TOWN OF SHELBY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

We consider the following finding to be a significant deficiency in internal control:

Finding 2020-001 – Bank Reconciliations

<u>Condition</u>: The Town should focus on implementing a formal policy concerning the preparation and review of bank reconciliations for all Town bank accounts. The policy should emphasize the timely completion of bank reconciliations in a practical manner. The policy should also specify who prepares and reviews the bank reconciliations.

Criteria: During the year under audit, the Town was not performing necessary bank reconciliations on several bank accounts in a timely manner.

<u>Cause of Condition</u>: The Town does not currently have a formal policy related to bank reconciliation preparation that addresses when the account reconciliations should be completed and reviewed.

<u>Potential Effect of Condition</u>: The lack of reconciling the bank accounts in a timely manner can lead to misstated account balances, an increase in the risk of fraudulent activity, and the potential for financial reporting errors within the Town's accounting system.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the Town adopt a standard policy that ensures that bank reconciliations be performed and reviewed on a timely basis by designated Town employees.

<u>Town Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: The Town acknowledges that the untimely preparation of the bank reconciliations is a significant deficiency. The Town is considering implementing a policy that will ensure that bank reconciliations are completed in a specified period after the end of each month.

We consider the following finding to be a reportable instance of noncompliance:

Finding 2020-002 – Budget Adjustments

Condition: During the course of our audit, we noted that the Town over expended budget line items in the General Fund during 2020.

<u>Criteria</u>: According to New York State Town Law, municipalities must adequately budget for expenditures in each major fund and make adjustments to budgets when necessary.

<u>Cause of Condition</u>: The Town did not monitor its budgeted appropriations and adjust budget lines during the year.

<u>Potential Effect of Condition</u>: Overspending budget line items or not adjusting appropriation line items can cause the Town to overspend funds. This could cause deficits in future years as well as lead to possible misappropriation of funds. The Town is also not in compliance with Town law.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the Town make budget adjustments to the originally adopted budget to stay in compliance with Town law. The Board should review and approve any suggested adjustments. Budget monitoring should be done at the department level.

Town Response and Corrective Action Plan: The Town acknowledges the noncompliance as a deficiency for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Town will monitor budgeted revenues and appropriations going forward, and will make necessary adjustments in a timely manner.